

What role for academic libraries in Open Science?

Julien ROCHE, LIBER President

Tiedon tähden – Knowledge first seminar

Helsinki, 14 March 2024



420 libraries

ONE mission

DEVOTED TO OPEN SCIENCE

Policies, tools and infrastructures - reshaping research processes and mindsets in favour of Open.

ENABLE WORLD-CLASS RESEARCH

Knowledge and training so that libraries can support outstanding research and — by extension — the growth and sharing of knowledge.





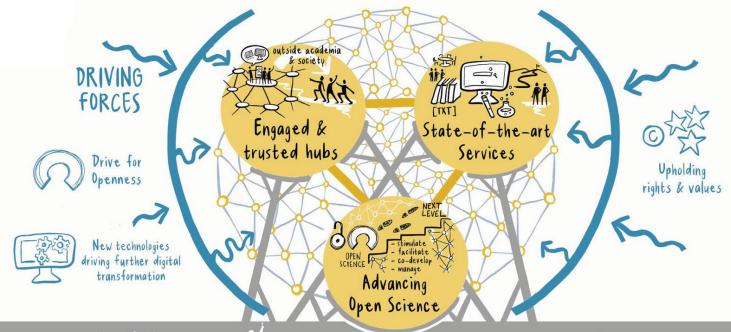


LIBER
New Strategy 2023-2027



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LIBER'S VISION FOR RESEARCH LIBRARIES IN 2027



FUNDAMENTAL PRECONDITIONS



Upskilling the library workforce









C. ADVANCING OPEN SCIENCE



By 2027, in collaboration with researchers, research libraries stimulate, facilitate, co-develop and manage infrastructures and practices designed to take Open Science to the next level.



LIBER's priorities to achieve this vision are:

1. INNOVATIVE ROADS TO OPEN ACCESS

Facilitating multiple, innovative roads to Open Access that establish a default setting of diverse, inclusive, and sustainable access to scholarship and research communication.

2. FAIR RESEARCH DATA BY DESIGN

Supporting and advocating the collaborative development and management of FAIR research data.

3. SHAPING AND SUPPORTING OPEN SCIENCE POLICIES AND PRACTICES

Transforming good practices into policies and policies into good practices.

4. OPENING UP ACCESS TO EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES

Supporting the creation, access, and usage of Open Educational Resources.

5. RESEARCH ASSESSMENT

Partnering with academia to advance, adopt and implement responsible frameworks for research assessment.



What role for academic libraries in Open Science?

A library perspective

Fully achieving Open Science (OS) will be a long and tricky

journey

- Libraries have been <u>early adopters</u> of Open Access, managing the first repositories
- Libraries have been <u>pushy for DMP</u> <u>mandates</u> in universities for research projects
- Libraries <u>advocate for the development</u> of FAIR data
- Libraries <u>support the ambition of a</u> <u>global policies</u> in universities (OA, data...)

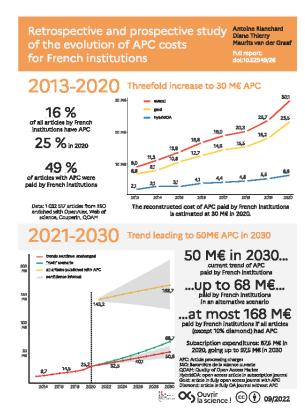


Policy makers need to build **consistent strategies and action plans over decades**, libraries are key for this continuity

To achieve OS, we need a global monitoring of the

publication paths

- <u>Subscriptions and other traditional publishing models</u> role of libraries in consortia
- Green repositories are usually managed by libraries
- APCs when monitored, done frequently by libraries
- <u>Institutional OA publishing models</u> see the DIAMAS project, libraries on board
- Local publishing platforms for journal role of libraries
- Academic presses UCL for instance



Libraries are involved in all these publication paths, they already **are / should be deeply involved in this monitoring process**

OS has to be addressed in a larger perspective – the example of the data life cycle

- Some science will remain closed, temporarily or over the longer term,
- Therefore the whole data life cycle needs to be monitored
- Given their role, the libraries are the natural partners of research teams in order to manage the life cycle of their publications and data
 - And given their role, the libraries also have an important role to help the decision makers, in universities and beyond, drawing this larger perspective

News > Digital Competence Centers at knowledge institutions forging ahead

Digital Competence Centers at knowledge institutions forging ahead

29 June 2022

The Digital Competence Centers (DCCs) are still relatively unknown among researchers within universities and research institutions. even though many of them receive requests for support in the area of data, software and computing. This is why, two years ago, NWO organised a funding round for local DCCs. What have the 22 institutions awarded

funding achieved so far? Researchers are



management plan was quite a challenge, but our FAIR data steward really helped us along." The national coordination point LCRDM knows more about the overall progress.

If not done yet, universities and research institutions urgently need to define a global strategy, from openness to closeness, for the research community and beyond, with input from libraries A major cultural change through massive advocacy and

training is expected

- Some years ago, only a minority was <u>convinced and active</u> in research institutions and universities, among which librarians
- Situation has improved, but <u>the shift is still</u> ahead
- Advocacy and training are key
- To achieve that, <u>libraries are central</u> for students, decision makers and other stakeholders outside the academic world



Section 1

CITIZEN SCIENCE

SKILLING FOR LIBRARY STAFF.

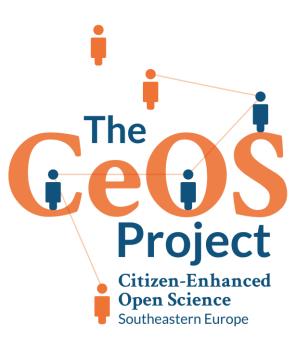
RESEARCHERS.

AND THE PUBLIC

Libraries have become years ago important trainers, teaching "library and information science", and OS is in the portfolio

Upskilling the workforce in libraries is essential to support OS

- Competencies have been hugely updated the past 20 years, in order to make OA happen
- Still, there is a lot more to do in new areas such as Data, OERs, citizen science, Software and source code
- In many libraries, there are now <u>OA units, but challenges are :</u>
 - There is a need for continuous training,
 - Specific courses need to be developed in universities, and we are late
 - There is an urgent need for <u>new positions</u>, such as OERs/data librarians/stewards, community engagement officers...



Continuous upskilling and workforce development are on the way, but there is a need to speed up and extend beyond libraries themselves

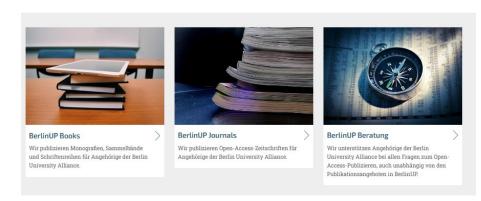
To achieve this shift to OS, we need to be fairly ambitious and systematic in universities and research institutions

- Advising decision makers, supporting research teams, training students and researchers are <u>heavily time-consuming</u>
- Libraries are on the way to <u>massively shift their</u> <u>workforce</u> to OS support
- OS services / missions / support units have been created and are growing inside the library team
- When OS is fully part of the roadmap of the university, <u>means</u> are usually given to libraries <u>to</u> <u>embrace new key missions</u>

BerlinUP

Berlin Universities Publishing ist ein Open-Access-Verlag in einer nichtkommerziellen, wissenschaftseigenen Infrastruktur und mit einer allgemeinen, verlagsunabhängioen Publikationsberatung.

Berlin UP wird gefördert von der Berlin Universität Berlin, der Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin der Technischen Universität Berlin und der Charité – Universitätsmedizin Berlin



Where systematic and comprehensive changes towards OS are happening, libraries are part of this shift, when they are not, the shift is limited and slower

Academic and national libraries need to combine their efforts for the benefits of Open Science and their users

<u>Digitised and born-digital cultural heritage</u> is a common public good

CENL News

24th May 2021

The National Library of Finland' 2021-2030 Strategy

- Open and linked data are essential
- <u>Interoperable infrastructures</u> have to be developed and maintained, locally, nationally, internationally
- <u>Multilingualism for scientific content</u> is key (for some countries)
- Long term preservation has to be tackled
- <u>Digital humanities</u> need strong support
- Machine learning and AI need to be addressed

The National Library's strategy for 2021–2030 strongly supports the Ministry of Education and Culture's goal of serving individuals and society through education, competence, science and technology. Our collective memory as a nation is a resource upon which we build.

The National Library has impact on society and research through its unique collections and online services.

Openness increases equality

The main duty of the National Library is to preserve printed publications and increasingly also electronic materials. The new strategy period will see the National Library increase its efforts to promote equality in Finland by enhancing its services. We support lifelong learning and Bildung by being actively involved in creating a digital culture of openness and by promoting open science.

"We promote open science and the openness of materials and services. Openness should be prioritized when aiming to reduce inequality in society. These are all ways of strengthening learning and Bildung in addition to science," says National Librarian, Professor Cocilia of Forselles at the National Library of Finland. "We learn all our lives. Our hobbies also create a constant need for knowledge and discovering new things. Our central goal at the National Library is to strengthen the knowledge base of Finnish society. Our contribution to learning, research, citizen science and the availability of information is significant."

A good coordination between academic and national libraries is needed because the challenges are tough

Researchers and research communities face many tricky

issues on the way to OS

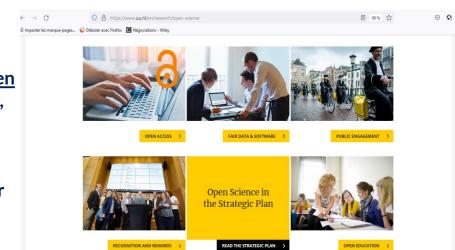
- Researchers need support from experts regarding the publication process – libraries are there to help in the conversation with publishers, especially regarding APCs
- The legal context is very complex, <u>researchers need</u> <u>from their institution simple guidelines and a safe</u> <u>environment</u> – see the *Rights Retention Strategy*
- To tackle many issues, a <u>one stop-shop</u> is probably the best solution – libraries are usually this one-stop shop, bringing the expertise needed to the researchers, from inside and outside the library



The more complex issues are, the simpler things have to be, so that researchers can concentrate on research. Libraries are the effective interfaces for side-issues.

To achieve OS, policies need to be transformed into practices, and the other way round

- Libraries are <u>pro-active</u> see Copyright Directive in 2019
- Libraries are <u>supportive</u> see the *Rights Retention* Strategy from Coalition S (again)
- Opportunities and proposals for OS-related policies often come from the libraries: OA mandates, roadmap for OS, data policies...
 - Good practices are spread through universities and research institutions by libraries see the OS barometer from the university of Lorraine
- <u>From ideas to action</u> many universities and research institutions have roadmaps for OS, libraries play an important role there



Libraries have a key role to play in this virtuous circle in order to transform policies into practices, and the other way round.

OS relies on a fragile and complex ecosystem

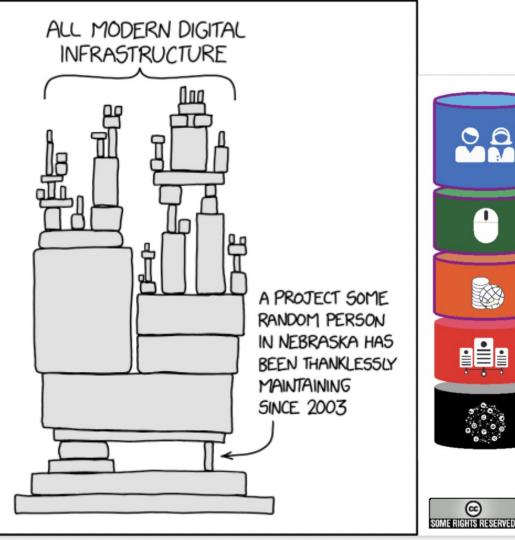
- Some initiatives are financially at threats or need money to support their development - Redalyc/AmeliCA for instance
- Some OS initiatives have been purchased by private (big) companies with their own (hidden) agenda Knowledge Unlatched (Wiley)
- Some tools are just vital for OS, and need to be maintained over the long term - DOAJ, Dspace...
- Some emerging initiatives need to be sustained to grow until they become viable - Peer Community In for instance
- The system is highly interdependent (see next slide)
- Researchers usually do not know that, but <u>some (big) private companies</u> <u>have control over the whole lifecycle of research (see following slide)</u>

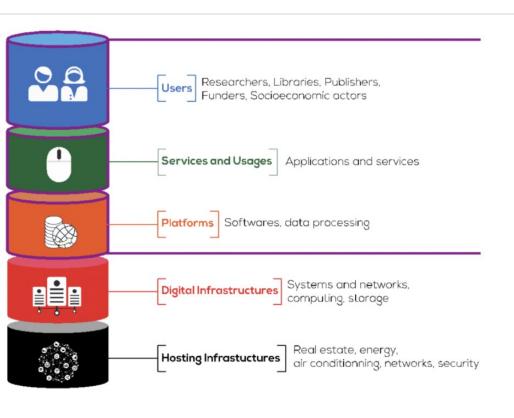


HELPING SECURE THE VITAL INFRASTRUCTURE ON WHICH OPEN SCIENCE DEPENDS

Everything you need to know about SCOSS

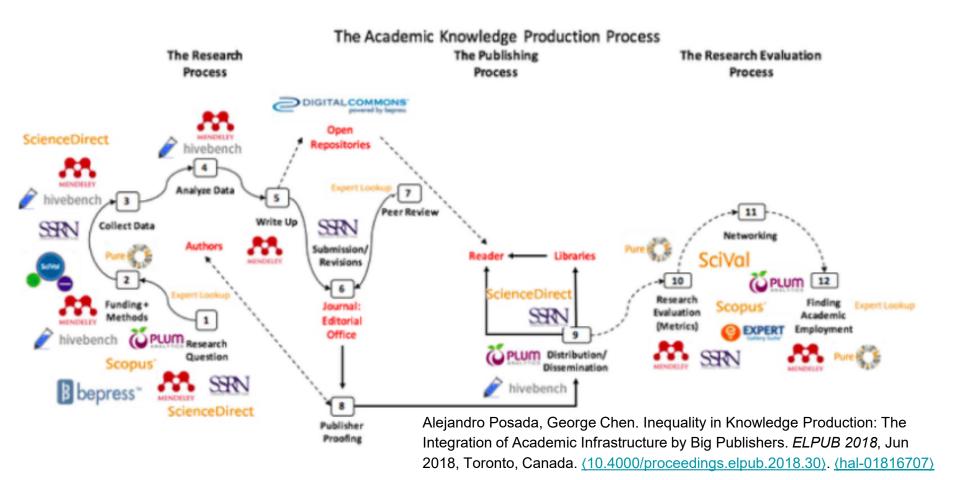
Libraries play an important role to **monitor, sustain and develop this ecosystem**, but they need help and support.





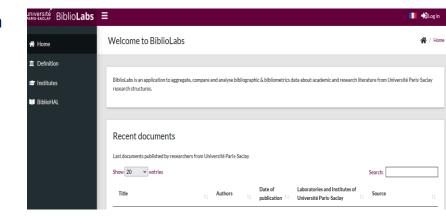
XKCD: https://xkcd.com/2347/

Figure 5: Elsevier Presence Throughout the Lifecycle



Research assessment needs a major reform

- We need a fair evaluation of research, (nearly) everyone is aware of that, but <u>Impact factor has nothing to do</u> with that
- Research assessment is facing many unsolved issues an exhausting peer-reviewing system, a run for quantity versus quality, publication pressure enabling predatory journals, the urge to have positive results to publish versus negative ones, ...
- <u>Libraries are surely not central there but they will</u>
 <u>certainly help</u> / they manage most of the open access
 tools, they deliver bibliometric services to their
 institution, they have a transversal view on different
 situations among disciplines and know suitable solutions



The reform of the evaluation system is research-driven, but **libraries can bring useful support**



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